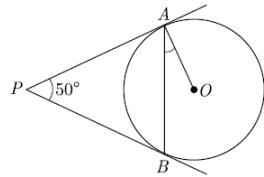
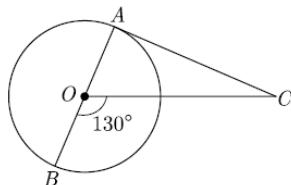


QUESTIONS

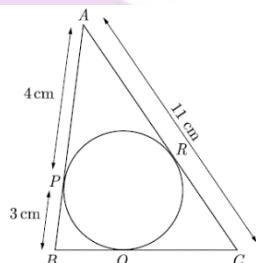
1. In figure, PA and PB are tangents to the circle with centre O such that $\angle APB = 50^\circ$. Write the measure of $\angle OAB$.



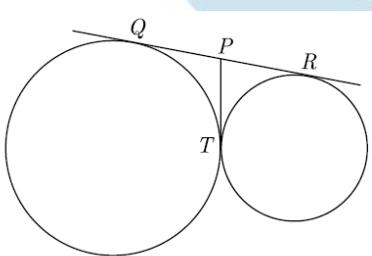
2. In the given figure, AOB is a diameter of the circle with centre O and AC is a tangent to the circle at A . If $\angle BOC = 130^\circ$, then find $\angle ACO$.



3. In figure, $\triangle ABC$ is circumscribing a circle, the length of BC is..... cm.

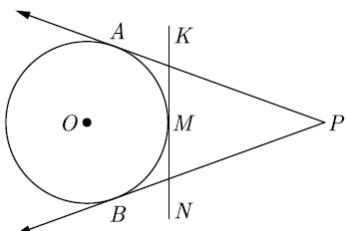


4. In the figure, QR is a common tangent to given circle which meet at T . Tangent at T meets QR at P . If $QP = 3.8$ cm, then find length of QR .

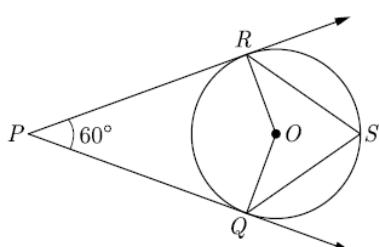


infinity Classes
www.infinityclasses.in

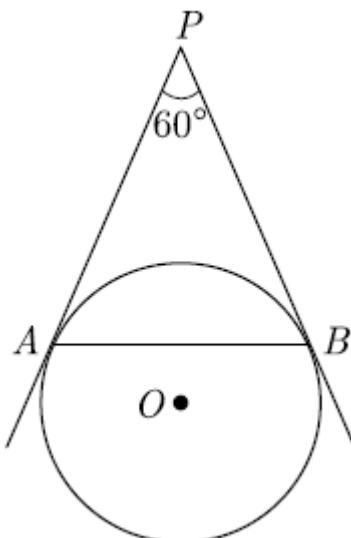
5. PA and PB are tangents from point P to the circle with centre O as shown in figure. At point M , a tangent is drawn cutting PA at K and PB at N . Prove that $KN = AK + BN$



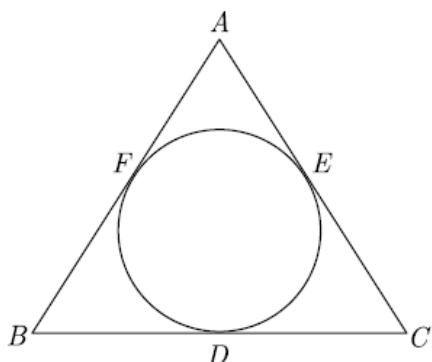
6. In the given figure, find $\angle QSR$.



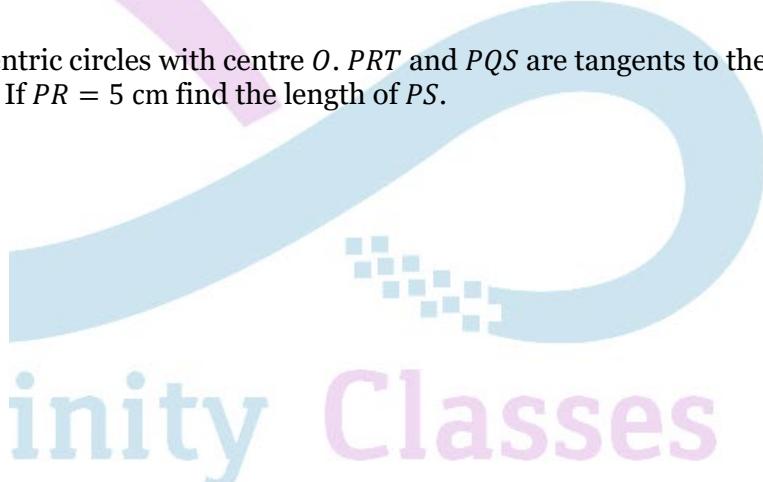
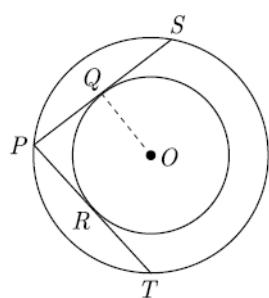
7. In figure, AP and BP are tangents to a circle with centre O , such that $AP = 5 \text{ cm}$ and $\angle APB = 60^\circ$. Find the length of chord AB



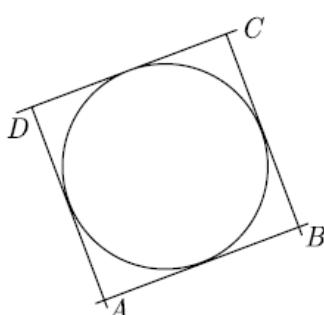
8. A triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle. If $AB = 13 \text{ cm}$, $BC = 14 \text{ cm}$ and $AC = 7 \text{ cm}$, then find AC .



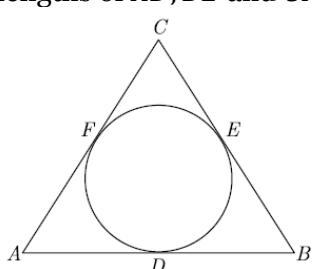
9. In the figure there are two concentric circles with centre O . PRT and PQS are tangents to the inner circle from a point P lying on the outer circle. If $PR = 5 \text{ cm}$ find the length of PS .



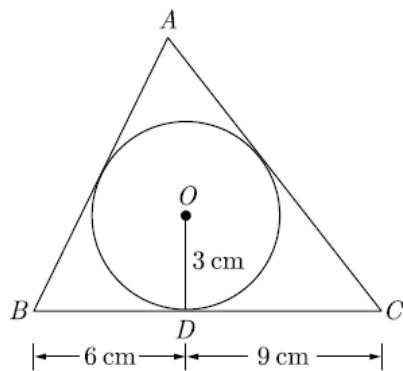
10. In figure, a circle touches all the four sides of a quadrilateral $ABCD$. If $AB = 6 \text{ cm}$, $BC = 9 \text{ cm}$ and $CD = 8 \text{ cm}$, then find the length of AD .



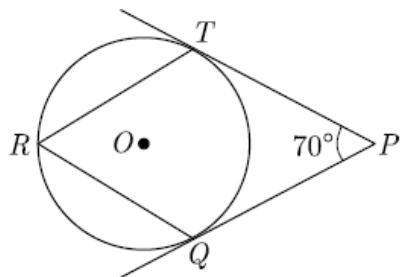
11. Prove that the lengths of two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle are equal.
 12. In the given figure, a circle is inscribed in a $\triangle ABC$, such that it touches the sides AB , BC and CA at points D , E and F respectively. If the lengths of sides AB , BC and CA are 12 cm , 8 cm and 10 cm respectively, find the lengths of AD , BE and CF .



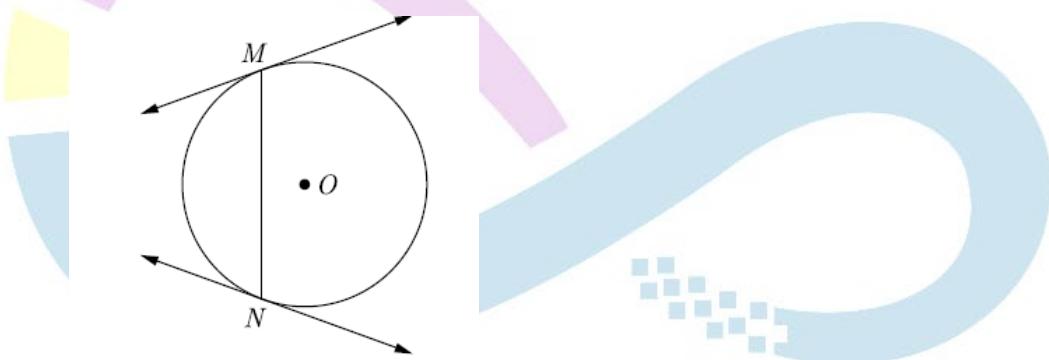
13. In figure, a triangle ABC is drawn to circumscribe a circle of radius 3 cm, such that the segments BD and DC are respectively of lengths 6 cm and 9 cm. If the area of $\triangle ABC$ is 54 cm^2 , then find the lengths of sides AB and AC .



14. In figure, O is the centre of a circle. PT are tangents to the circle from an external point P . If $\angle TPQ = 70^\circ$, find $\angle TRQ$.

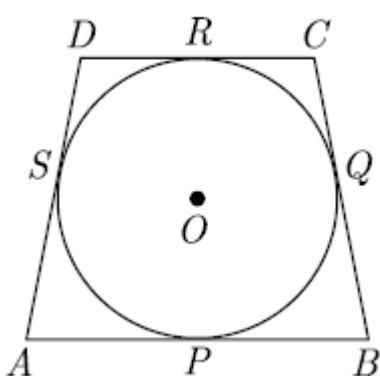


15. Prove that tangents drawn at the ends of a chord of a circle make equal angles with the chord.

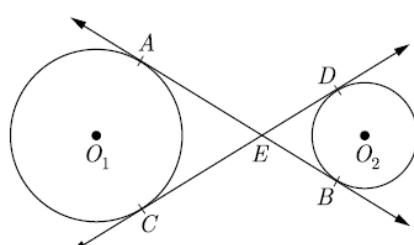


16. In Figure a quadrilateral $ABCD$ is drawn to circumscribe a circle, with centre O , in such a way that the sides AB, BC, CD , and DA touch the circle at the points P, Q, R and S respectively. Prove that. $AB + CD = BC + DA$

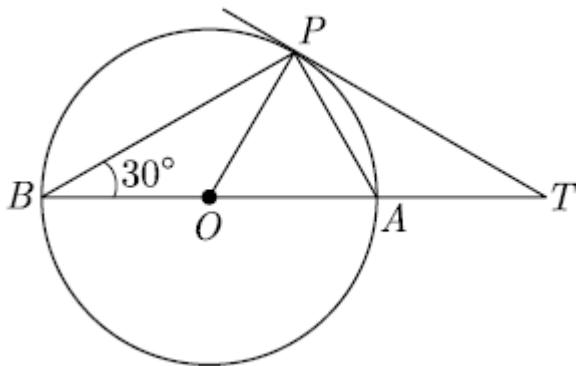
www.infinityclasses.in



17. In Figure, common tangents AB and CD to the two circle with centres O_1 and O_2 intersect at E . Prove that $AB = CD$.

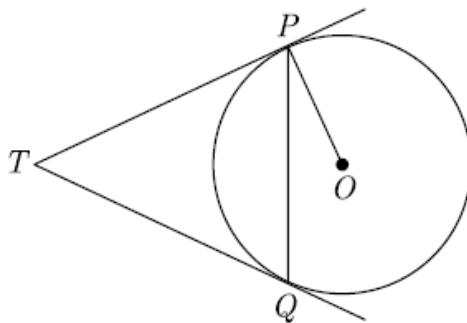


18. In the given figure, BOA is a diameter of a circle and the tangent at a point P meets BA when produced at T . If $\angle PBO = 30^\circ$, what is the measure of $\angle PTA$?

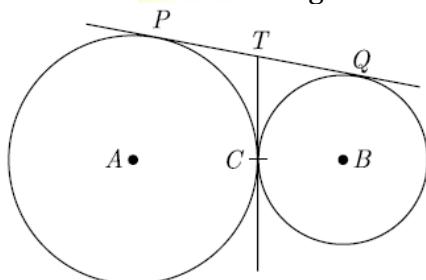


19. Prove that the rectangle circumscribing a circle is a square.

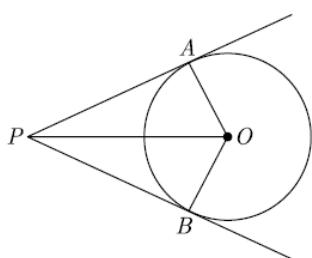
20. In figure, two tangents TP and TQ are drawn to circle with centre O from an external point T . Prove that $\angle PTQ = 2\angle OPQ$.



21. In given figure, two circles touch each other at the point C . Prove that the common tangent to the circles at C , bisects the common tangent at P and Q .



22. In the given figure, OP is equal to the diameter of a circle with centre O and PA and PB are tangents. Prove that ABP is an equilateral triangle.



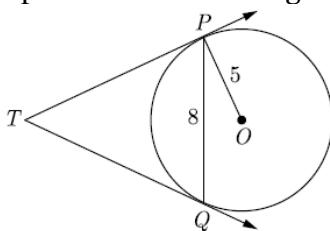
infinity Classes

www.infinityclasses.in

23. If a circle touches the side BC of a triangle ABC at P and extended sides AB and AC at Q and R , respectively, prove that $AQ = \frac{1}{2}(BC + CA + AB)$

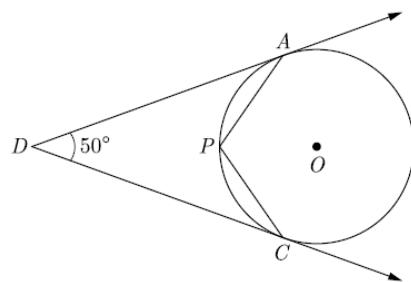
24. In $\triangle ABD$, $AB = AC$. If the interior circle of $\triangle ABC$ touches the sides AB , BC and CA at D , E and F respectively. Prove that E bisects BC .

25. In Figure, PQ is a chord of length 8 cm of a circle of radius 5 cm and centre O . The tangents at P and Q intersect at point T . Find the length of TP .



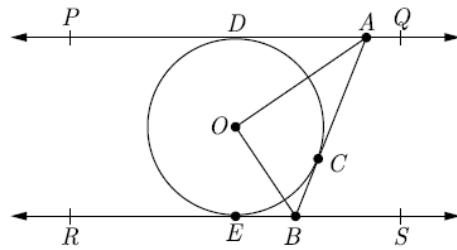
26. a , b and c are the sides of a right triangle, where c is the hypotenuse. A circle, of radius r , touches the sides of the triangle. Prove that $r = \frac{a+b-c}{2}$.

27. In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle. Determine $\angle APC$, if DA and DC are tangents and $\angle ADC = 50^\circ$.

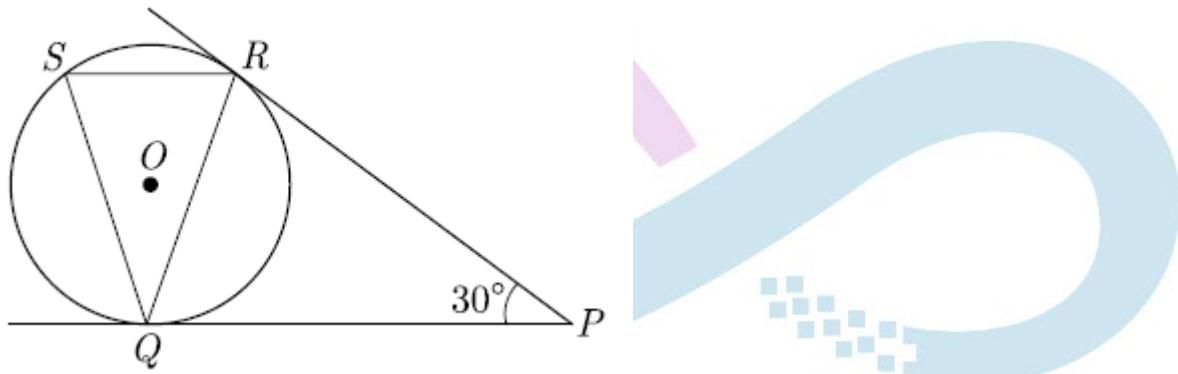


28. From a point T outside a circle of centre O , tangents TP and TQ are drawn to the circle. Prove that OT is the right bisector of line segment PQ .

29. In Figure, PQ and RS are two parallel tangents to a circle with centre O and another tangent AB with point of contact C intersecting PQ at A and RS at B . Prove that $\angle AOB = 90^\circ$.



30. In the figure, tangents PQ and PR are drawn from an external point P to a circle with centre O , such that $\angle RPQ = 30^\circ$. A chord RS is drawn parallel to the tangent PQ . Find $\angle RQS$.



Infinity Classes
www.infinityclasses.in

ANSWERS

- | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. 25° | 2. 40° | 3. 10 cm | 4. 7.6 cm | 6. 60° | 7. 5 cm | 8. 15 cm | 9. 10 cm |
| 10. 5 cm | 12. $AD = 7\text{ cm}, BE = 5\text{ cm}, CF = 3\text{ cm}$ | 13. $AB = 9\text{ cm}, AC = 12\text{ cm}$ and $BC = 15\text{ cm}$. | | | 14. 55° | 18. 30° | |
| 25. $\frac{20}{3}\text{ cm}$ | 27. 115° | 30. 30° | | | | | |